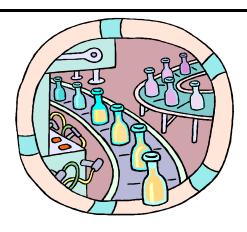
MANUFACTURING



MOST CITED STANDARDS IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY JANUARY 1, 2002 TO DECEMBER 31, 2002

RANK		STANDARDS CITED	NUMBER
1	1910.305(g)	Flexible cords were used as a substitute for fixed wiring where not permitted. Flexible cords were not connected to devices and fittings so that strain relief was provided, which would have prevented pull from being transmitted to joints.	13
2	1910.1200	Employers did not develop and implement a written hazard communication program for their workplaces. Employers did not have a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for each hazardous chemical which they used.	12
3	1910.147	The employer did not establish a program consisting of energy control procedures , employee training, and periodic inspections.	11
4	1910.178	This section contains safety requirements relating to fire protection, design, maintenance, and use of powered industrial trucks.	10
5	1910.305(b)	Conductors entering boxes, cabinets, or fittings were not protected from abrasion, and openings through which conductors entered were not effectively closed. All pull boxes, junction boxes, and fittings were not provided with covers approved for the purpose.	9
6	1910.22	Places of employment, passageways, and storerooms were not kept clean and orderly and in a sanitary condition.	8

Source: IMIS, Citations from HIOSHL-2. Total cited for the industry was133.

RAN	(STANDARDS CITED	NUMBER
6	1910.95	Protection against the effects of noise exposure was not provided by employers.	8
6	1910.303	Electrical equipment was not free from recognized hazards that were likely to cause death or serious physical harm to employees.	8
7	60-2	Safe work places and practices were not provided. Standards for an Occupational Safety and Health Program were not met.	6
7	1910.23	Every stairway floor opening was not guarded by a standard railing in accordance with requirements of this section.	6

Source: IMIS, Citations from HIOSHL-2. Total cited for the industry was133.